2024 Results & 2025 Objectives

Executing consistently our strategy,

Delivering accretive growth and resilient attractive shareholder returns February 5, 2025





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Safety: core value Continuous progress in 2024, but one fatality – Objective: zero fatality



Integrated Power total recordable injury rate



Total recordable injury rate versus peers

per million man-hours



2024 Executing our strategy and anchoring free cash flow growth



2024: a year of progress on our two pillars





Oil

- → Start-up of five major oil and gas projects
- → FID of four major oil projects (Suriname, Brazil and Angola)
- → Namibia: progressing towards first development

2024 achievements

Gas & LNG

- \rightarrow Signature of > 6 Mtpa LNG LT sales contracts
- → Marsa LNG FID (Oman)
- → Acquisition of interests in upstream gas assets in the Eagle Ford, Texas (US) and of SapuraOMV (Malaysia)



- → Acquiring flexible assets (Texas, UK) to provide Clean Firm Power to customers
- → Building Integrated Power value chain in Germany

2024 FIDs anchor 3%/year cash-accretive production growth 2025-2030

Proved reserves replacement ratio of 157%

2.6 B\$ Integrated Power CFFO

Attractive shareholder distributions while keeping a strong balance sheet



2024 Cash flow allocation B\$





Disciplined Capex within guidance TotalEnergies Ü **Integrated Power** 6 Oil 4.8 B\$ Low-carbon energies



* After 20% state back-in 2024 Results

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2024 Project sanctions					
Oil		Op.	Production capacity	Share	First Oil
GranMorgu	Suriname	•	220 kboe/d	40%*	2028
Kaminho	Angola	•	70 kboe/d	40%	2028
Atapu 2	Brazil		225 kboe/d	15%	2029
Sepia 2	Brazil		225 kboe/d	16.9%	2029
Gas & LNG					
Marsa LNG	Oman	Ор. ●	Production capacity 1 Mtpa	Share 80%	First Gas/LNG
Ubeta	Nigeria	•	70 kboe/d	40%	2027

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Sepia 2	Brazil		225 kboe/d	16.9%	2029
Gas & LNG					
Gas & LING		Op.	Production capacity	Share	First Gas/LNG
Marsa LNG	Oman	•	1 Mtpa	80%	2028
Ubeta	Nigeria	•	70 kboe/d	40%	2027

- \rightarrow Anchoring 3%/y accretive production growth through 2030
- \rightarrow De-risking project costs with largely lumpsum EPC contracts

Exxon 12 8 BP



157% reserves replacement in 2024, 150% organic

- → 12.4 years proved reserves
- → 18.5 years proved + probable reserves

Reserves replacements

Proved reserves life index

vears

Δ



2024 FIDs from our rich Upstream hopper

3%/y production growth through 2030 while successfully replenishing portfolio

Integrated LNG: 4Q24 benefiting from improved markets

TotalEnergies



iLNG Adjusted NOI

2



2024: Facing low volatility in European gas market

- → Mild winter 2023/24 leading to high stock levels in 2024 + low gas demand
 - → Low volatility
- → Limited trading opportunities because of balanced worldwide LNG market (modest growth in China)

Tighter market expected in 2025

- → Colder winter 2024/25 and low end-of-season storage expected in 2025
- → End of Russia-Ukraine transit agreement
- → Tightness in Europe leading to more competition between Europe and Asia with more opportunities for arbitrage on Atlantic flexible cargoes

2024: Integrated Power model yielding results

Reaching our objective of > 2.5 B\$ CFFO





Growing flexible capacities

- \rightarrow Acquisition of **gas-fired plants** in the **US** (1.5 GW) and in the **UK** (1.3 GW)
- → Acquisition of **Kyon**, a major player in the **BESS** market in Germany

Consolidating our Renewables portfolio

- \rightarrow 1.2 GW successfully farmed-down = 1 B\$ of capital recycled with > 10% return
- \rightarrow Acquisition of **VSB** in Germany: a renewable developer with a pipeline of 18 GW

Strengthening our differentiated road to market

- → Capturing premium prices through Clean Firm Power: ~3 TWh sold to large industrial and big techs
- \rightarrow Acquisition of **Quadra**, a renewable aggregator in Germany (10 TWh in 2024)

Steadily reducing emissions, ahead of objectives



		2015	2023	2024	
				Objectives	Realizations
Scope 1+2 operated Mt CO ₂	Oil & Gas facilities	Vs 2015	- 34%		- 36%
		46	30.3		29.4
	CCGT	0	4.3		4.9
	Overall scope 1+2	46	35	< 38.8	34
Methane operated kt CH ₄		Vs 2020	- 47%	- 50%	-55%
		96	34		29
Lifecycle ca intensity * (Scope 1+2+3) g CO ₂ e/MJ	rbon	73	- 13%	- 14%	-17%

Relentlessly tracking methane

2024 achievements

- \rightarrow 50% target (vs. 2020) reached a year early
- → Gabon: routine flaring eliminated, 2 years early
- → Decision to deploy continuous detection systems across all operated upstream sites

2025 improved targets: - 60%

- → Deployment of ~13 000 equipment for continuous methane tracking
- → Further **technological improvements:** switch gas instrument to air, flare tips replacement...

Deep low cost portfolio delivering superior returns and shareholder distributions



ROACE full-year 2024⁽²⁾



Upstream production costs⁽¹⁾ \$/boe

15



Dividend per Share⁽³⁾

Growth 2024 vs. 2019



(1) ASC 932; 2023 for peers
(2) BP: 12 MR at end 3Q24
(3) Interim dividend 4Q24 vs 4Q19 in announced currency. BP: 3Q24 vs 3Q19





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2025 Delivering accretive growth and resilient shareholder returns

2025 Oil and LNG market drivers



- → Oil demand growth expected at 1.1 Mb/d in 2025 vs. 0.8 Mb/d in 2024, supported by emerging Asia (IEA)
- → Non-OPEC strong supply growth, supported by US policy
- → OPEC+ taking actions to balance the market



- → Limited additional LNG capacity (+5%) on stream in 2025, with delays at key projects
- → In Europe, lower Russia pipeline flow and low storage levels will increase LNG call in 2025
- → Asia and Europe to compete for LNG supply





2025 Objectives

Al Shaheen, Qatar

Strong differentiated growth in 2025

TotalEnergies

(2025 objectives

		2025 objectives
More	Energy production growth	+ 5%*
energy	Upstream production growth	> + 3%
	Electricity net production	> 50 TWh*
	Refining utilization rate	> 85%
LNG Sales		> 40 Mt
	Renewables gross installed capacity	35 GW
Less	Scope 1+2 from operated facilities	< 37 MtCO ₂ e
emissions	Methane from operated facilities vs 2020	- 60%
	Lifecycle carbon intensity** vs 2015	> - 17%
Growing	Upstream production costs ASC 932	< 5 \$/boe
free cash	CAPEX	17-17.5 в\$
flow	CFFO 70\$/bbl Brent, 12\$/Mbtu TTF and 35\$/t ERM	> 29 B\$ at 70 \$/bbl

 * Assuming 35% flexible capacity utilization rate
 ** Lifecycle carbon intensity of energy products sold used by end-customers - See Sustainability & Climate 2024 Progress Report

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2025: Streamlined capital investment to accretive growth opportunities



2025 Organic Capex ~17 B\$

- → Reduced Organic Capex from 18 B\$ guidance* to 17 B\$
- → Focus on core growth projects, through largely lumpsum EPC contracts
- → Spanning low equity model in low-carbon molecules and EV charging
- → Additional 1 B\$ Organic Capex flexibility available in case of challenging market conditions

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Ramp-ups and start-ups fueling 2025 production growth at > 3%



New projects ~ +150 kboe/d in 2025



 \triangleright First Oil/Gas \rightarrow Ramp up 🔗 Production plateau

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Growing cash-accretive production

Upstream cash flow growth outpacing production growth



* 2024 Upstream CFFO rebased at 70 \$/b Brent and 12 \$/Mbtu TTF

TotalEnergies

Brazil: #1 in cash-flow in 2025 with more to come







Strong accretive growth

- → 8 FPSOs in production, 1 start-up expected in 2025, 2 under construction
- → Further production growth expected from 2024 FIDs Sepia & Atapu 2, with start-ups in 2029
- → Further exploration potential

 x3 SEC Production 2021-2025
 A B\$ 2025 Net Investment
 A S\$ \$/boe CFF0 in 2025 at 70\$/bbl
 A C B\$ Free Cash Flow in 2025 at 70\$/bbl

2025 Objectives

Namibia: advancing towards a first project



Block 2913B at the heart of the system Better density, better permeability than neighboring blocks Tamboti One thick Oil in place reservoir density enus 300km from coast 10-20 Mbo/km² **80-120** m Olympe Target Permeability 20 \$/boe **2-4** mD Capex + Opex Volstruis **Engineering a first development** \rightarrow Two challenges: low permeability and high Oil discovery GOR DWOB 3B/4B Oil prospect \rightarrow 150 kb/d oil production (~45° API) plateau with a long, shallow decline afterwards "Albian Fan" reservoir \rightarrow Design to minimize emissions, targeting 50 km GHG intensity around 15 kgCO₂e/boe



Namibia: Continue to assess full potential

→ Pursue drilling program: Marula Q1 25, Olympe end-25

South Africa: promising plans in the southern Orange Basin

→ Progressing permitting for 2026 drilling (Volstruis, Nayla...)







2025: leveraging our strong Atlantic position in a tighter market TotalEnergies

Execute our projects with low liquefaction costs, top-tier in the merit curve



• at end-24 • expected at end-25

Execute our marketing strategy

- → Manage exposure to Henry Hub through US upstream gas integration
- → Manage exposure to spot gas prices by transforming Henry Hub supply into oil-indexed sales

2025: Reaching a sizeable Integrated Power business

~10% of the energy produced by TotalEnergies, halfway to 2030 objectives



TotalEnergies

Restoring Downstream cash flow in 2025

in a challenging environment



Refining environment back to 2018-2021 conditions

- → Abundant supply
- → Market normalization following the disruption in Russian supply
- → Refining capacity shutdowns to resume in 2025



Focusing on operational excellence in Refining & Chemicals

- → Discipline on costs
- → Deliver energy efficiency savings programs: 100 M\$/y savings from 2025
- → Focus on plant availability (target > 85% utilization)

Targeting 7 B\$ Downstream CFFO in 2025 supported by resilient Marketing & Trading





Strong track record of dividend growth and consistent buybacks pursued in 2025



2024 dividend proposed at 3.22 €/share with final dividend increasing by 7.6% to 0.85 €/share





** Assuming reasonable market conditions

2025: Delivering consistent superior shareholder returns



While maintaining a strong balance sheet to navigate an uncertain environment

2025 CFFO and cash flow allocation $_{B\dot{S}}$



Resilient superior shareholder returns

- → 2024 dividend growth +7%: 3.22 vs 3.01 €/share
- → 2025 Buybacks: pursuing 2 B\$/qtr assuming reasonable market conditions
- → Pay-out > 40%

Strong balance sheet: normalized gearing ~9.5% end-24

→ At 70 \$/b, gearing at **12-13%** by end-25

2025 CFFO sensitivities

- → +2.8 B\$/y for +10 \$/b Brent*
- → +0.4 B\$/y for +2 \$/Mbtu TTF
- → +0.5 B\$/y for +10 \$/t ERM

More energy, less emissions, growing free cash flow





GHG emissions

Scope 1+2 from operated facilities MtCO₂e



Lifecycle carbon intensity of sales⁽²⁾ Scope 1+2+3, base 100 in 2015





(1) Net of nature-based carbon sinks

2025 Objectives (2) Lifecycle carbon intensity of energy products sold used by end-customers – See Sustainability & Climate 2024 Progress Report (3) Free Cash Flow = CFFO – Net investments

More energy, less emissions, growing free cash flow

Strategic consistency, growth and resilience

De-risked high-margin growth from deep upstream portfolio

LNG growth: de-risking exposure to spot gas

Integrated Power: on the way to 12% ROACE

> 40% payout through the cycles: growing dividend, sustained share buybacks

Disciplined Capex & Opex, low-cost operator

Low breakeven portfolio

Strong balance sheet

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Financial information by business segment is reported in accordance with the internal reporting system and shows internal segment information that is used to manage and measure the performance of TotalEnergies. In addition to IFRS measures, certain alternative performance indicators are presented, such as performance indicators excluding the adjustment items described below (adjusted operating income, adjusted net operating income, adjusted net income), return on equity (ROE), return on average capital employed (ROACE), gearing ratio, operating cash flow before working capital changes, the shareholder rate of return. These indicators are meant to facilitate the analysis of the financial performance of TotalEnergies and the comparison of income between periods. They allow investors to track the measures used internally to manage and measure the performance of TotalEnergies.

These adjustment items include:

1. Special items

Due to their unusual nature or particular significance, certain transactions qualifying as "special items" are excluded from the business segment figures. In general, special items relate to transactions that are significant, infrequent or unusual. However, in certain instances, transactions such as restructuring costs or assets disposals, which are not considered to be representative of the normal course of business, may qualify as special items athough they may have occurred in prior years or are likely to occur in following years.

2. Inventory valuation effect

In accordance with IAS 2, TotalEnergies values inventories of petroleum products in its financial statements according to the First-In, First-Out (FIFO) method and other inventories using the weighted-average cost method. Under the FIFO method, the cost of inventory is based on the historic cost of acquisition or manufacture rather than the current replacement cost. In volatile energy markets, this can have a significant distorting effect on the reported income. Accordingly, the adjusted results of the Refining & Chemicals and Marketing & Services segments are presented according to the replacement cost method. This method is used to assess the segments' performance and facilitate the comparability of the segments' performance with those of its main competitors.

In the replacement cost method, which approximates the Last-In, First-Out (LIFO) method, the variation of inventory values in the statement of income is, depending on the nature of the inventory, determined using either the month-end prices differential between one period and another or the average prices of the period rather than the historical value. The inventory valuation effect is the difference between the results under the FIFO and the replacement cost methods.

3. Effect of changes in fair value

The effect of changes in fair value presented as an adjustment item reflects, for trading inventories and storage contracts, differences between internal measures of performance used by TotalEnergies' Executive Committee and the accounting for these transactions under IFRS.

IFRS requires that trading inventories be recorded at their fair value using period-end spot prices. In order to best reflect the management of economic exposure through derivative transactions, internal indicators used to measure performance include valuations of trading inventories based on forward prices. TotalEnergies, in its trading activities, enters into storage contracts, whose future effects are recorded at fair value in TotalEnergies' internal economic performance. IFRS precludes recognition of this fair value effect. Furthermore, TotalEnergies enters into derivative instruments to risk manage certain operational contracts or assets. Under IFRS, these derivatives are recorded at fair value while the underlying operational transactions are recorded as they occur. Internal indicators defer the fair value on derivatives to match with the transaction occurrence.

The adjusted results (adjusted operating income, adjusted net operating income, adjusted net income) are defined as replacement cost results, adjusted for special items, excluding the effect of changes in fair value.

Euro amounts presented for the fully adjusted-diluted earnings per share represent dollar amounts converted at the average euro-dollar (\in -\$) exchange rate for the applicable period and are not the result of financial statements prepared in euros.

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